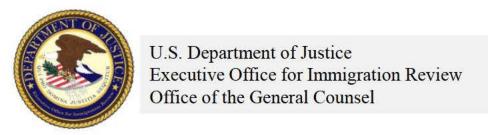
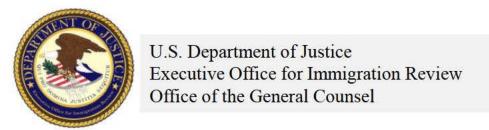


Fraud and Abuse Prevention Program Immigration Judge Training



Fraud and Abuse Prevention Program

- Serves as a centralized point for referral of fraud concerns
- Provides training for EOIR personnel (and others)
- Supports investigation and prosecution of fraud by federal, state, and local law enforcement and/or disciplinary authorities
- Coordinates with Attorney Discipline program

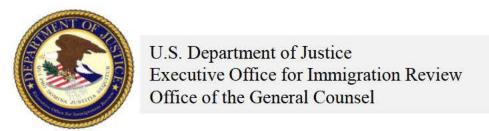


- Brea Burgie
 Fraud and Abuse Prevention Counsel
- Diane Kier
 Associate General Counsel
- Paul Monsky
 Associate General Counsel

(b)(6) and (b)(7)(C)

Fraud and Abuse Investigator

 Phil Rimmer Paralegal



Referral Sources, including:

Immigration Judges

Attorneys/Accredited Reps

OCIJ staff

Respondents

Board Members

Non-profits

Board Attorneys/Staff

Public

OCAHO

Law Enforcement

USCIS/ICE

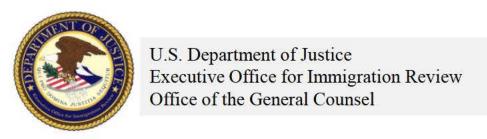
Prosecutors

Types of Fraud:

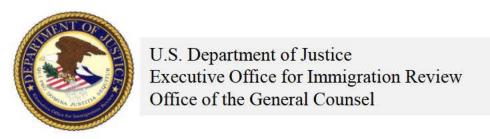
Benefit Fraud

Scams

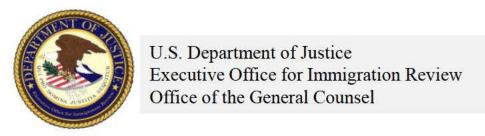
Unauthorized practice of law



- Applications before EOIR
 - Asylum
 - 42B
 - Other benefits

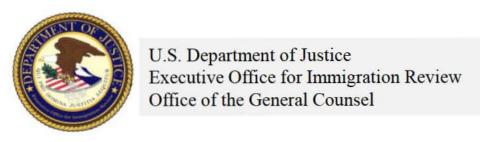


- Common ways of committing fraud
 - Document Fraud
 - Fabricating or altering documents
 - Boilerplate claims
 - False testimony

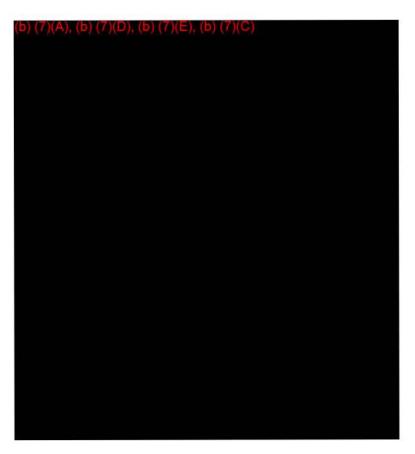


Examples of asylum boilerplate schemes

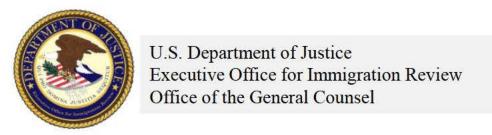




Operation Fiction Writer



AILA Doc. No. 18082203. (Posted 10/25/18)

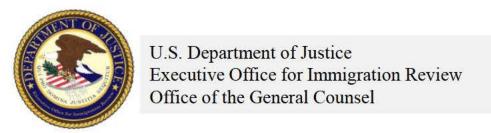


Operation Fiction Writer (cont)

Chinese asylum fraud scheme

(b)(7)(A), (b)(7)(D), and (b)(7)(E)

- 3 main false claims
 - Forced abortion
 - Practice of Christianity
 - Practicing Falun Gong or membership in Democratic Party^{203. (Posted 10/25/18)}



Operation Fiction Writer (cont)

- 26 individuals convicted of asylum fraud or conspiracy
 - 10 law firms involved
 - 6 attorneys
 - 4 interpreters
- Approximately 9,000 asylum applications implicated
 - 6,000 affirmative
 - 3,000 defensive



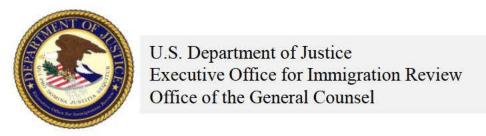
U.S. Department of Justice Executive Office for Immigration Review Office of the General Counsel

(b)(7)(A), (b)(7)(D), and (b)(7)(E)	

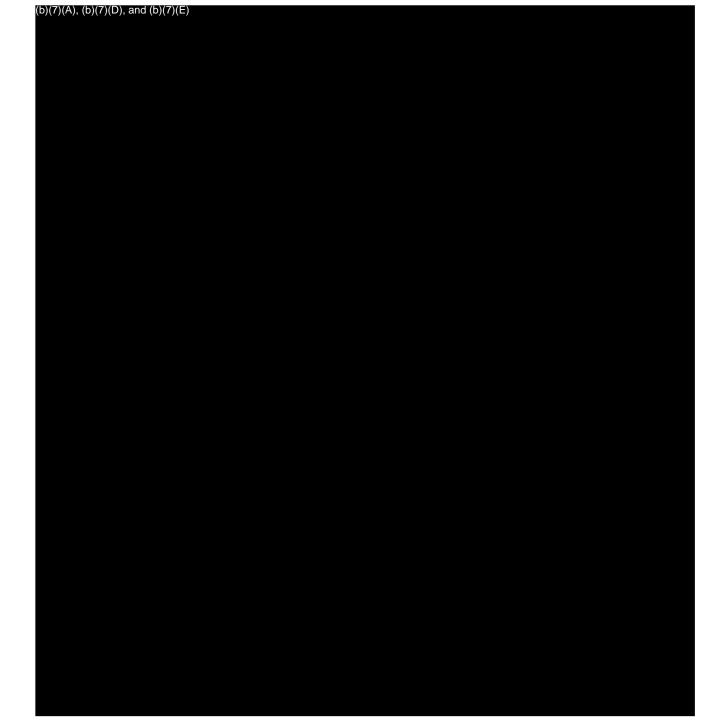


U.S. Department of Justice Executive Office for Immigration Review Office of the General Counsel

b)(7)(A), (b)(7)(D), and (b)(7)(E)	



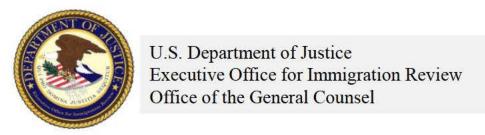
Example of a fabricated document



Benefit fraud against other gov't agencies

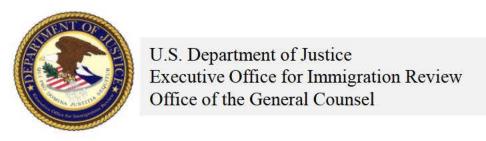
USCIS





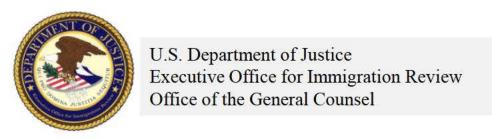
Deceptive Advertising



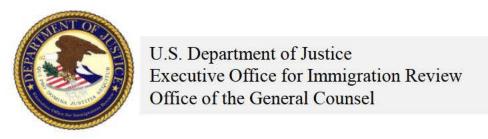


Selling USCIS or EOIR Forms



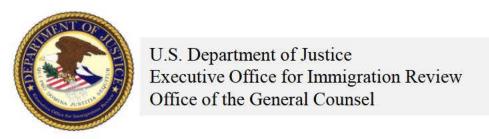


- Taking money for services that are not provided
- Convincing respondent to apply for relief for which they are not eligible
 - Ex: 10-year green card scam

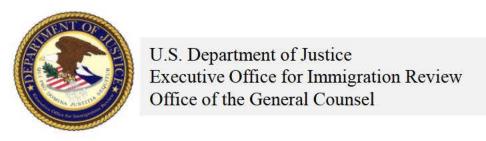




- Websites
 - Ex: US-immigration.com
 - Charged for I-90



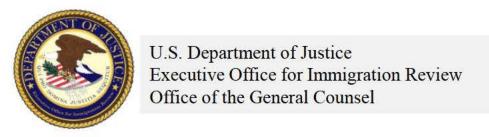
- Impersonating EOIR employees
- Other cases of impersonating USCIS or IRS employees



Unauthorized Practice of Immigration Law (UPIL)

Also called "Notario Fraud"





Examples: UPIL

Rena Starks



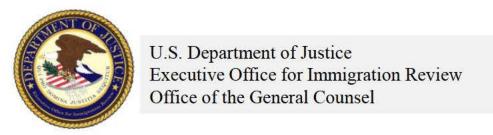
- Indicted by Nevada Attorney General Sept 2016
- Criminal trial begins Sept 2017

Examples: UPIL

Jessica and Eric Alva: Impersonated attorney employer

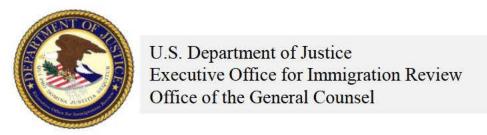
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(b)(7)(A), (b)(7)(D), and (b)(7)(E)
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- Contempt of Court-
 - 18 months jail and \$1,000,000 fine
- Pled guilty:toofederal2charge:
 [™]6 months jail



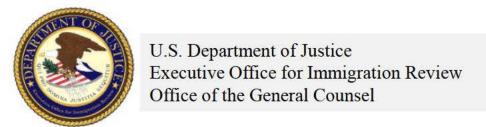
Fraud Program vs. Attorney Discipline

- Attorney Discipline regulates attorneys and accredited reps under EOIR's Rules of Professional Conduct
 - EOIR Form-44
- Fraud Program covers those who are not eligible to practice before EOIR, as well as fraudulent activity
- Ex: Attorney takes money but does not show up in court or provide promised services.



Tips for spotting fraud:

- Watch for unrelated respondents or documents filed by pro se respondents coming from the same address
- Watch for altered or suspect documents, including EOIR documents



Tips for spotting fraud:

Check to see if attorney is validly licensed:

https://www.justice.gov/eoir/can-someone-represent-you-eoir

Check list of EOIR suspended/disbarred attorneys:

https://www.justice.gov/eoir/list-of-currently-disciplinedpractitioners

- Check R&A list: https://www.justice.gov/eoir/recognition-accreditation-roster-reports
 - The two EOIR lists are especially important for e-Registry!

ATTORNEYS

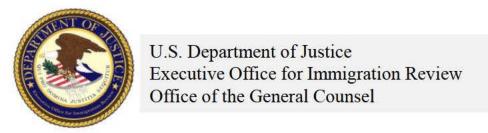
Attorneys must be members "in good standing" of the bar of the highest court of any State, the District of Columbia (D.C.), a U.S. possession, U.S. territory, or U.S. commonwealth. A list of all of the locations where an attorney can be validly licensed and practice before EOIR is below.

You can contact the entity that provides the attorney's license to ask if the attorney is a member of their bar and if the attorney is in good standing, meaning the attorney has maintained an active license and has not been suspended or disbarred. Most locations maintain databases on the internet where you can look up lawyers, but a few states require that you call. If you call, ask if the attorney is licensed in that location and is in good standing.

Below, you will find links to each U.S. state, the District of Columbia, and the U.S. possessions, territories, or Commonwealths that license attorneys. Please read all of the information provided by the licensing authority, as each one provides different information about their attorneys on their website. This information is provided as a courtesy, and the Department of Justice does not certify its accuracy.

Click on the picture or name of the U.S. state, territory, possession, or Commonwealth below for information about contacting the location's licensing authority.



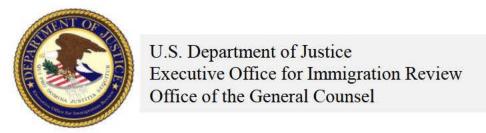


Fraud Program: Submitting a complaint

- Each court should have its own process for submitting complaints to the Fraud Program.
- Complaints can be sent to Fraud Counsel or the Fraud inbox:

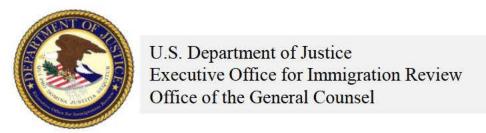
Brea.Burgie@usdoj.gov 703-756-8156

EOIR.Fraud.Program@usdoj.gov 877-388-3840_{AILA Doc. No. 18082203. (Posted 10/25/18)}



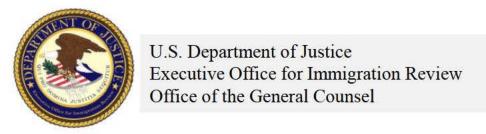
Fraud Program: Submitting a complaint

- No format required for complaints: Just outline the events that occurred
- Please try to get copies of evidence of fraud if possible.
 - For example:
 - Copies of receipts/retainer agreements
 - Copy of an advertisement containing a scam



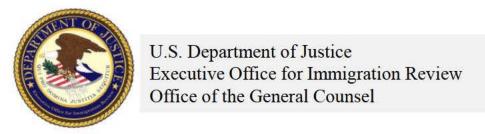
Fraud Program: Investigation and Referral

- Once we receive a complaint, the Fraud Program conducts an investigation
- If substantiated, we take appropriate internal action:
 - Inform the courts/Board that are involved
 - Send cease and desist letters
 - Refer to Attorney Discipline if attorney or accredited representative



Fraud Program: Investigation and Referral

- We also involve federal, state, or local law enforcement or prosecutors, if appropriate:
 - Gather all available evidence
 - Draft a referral memorandum
 - Provide continued support for the investigation and prosecution as it advances
 - For UPIL or licensed attorneys who commit fraud: We may also refer to state bar authorities (in coordination with the AD program)



Fraud Program: Requests for Assistance

- We receive requests for assistance from local, state, and federal law enforcement/prosecutors and licensing authorities
- Requests include:
 - Information from EOIR cases:
 - DAR recordings
 - Copies of documents from ROPs
 - Testimony
 - Statistics
 - Recognition and Accreditation status
 - Recognition and Accreditation affidavits



U.S. Department of Justice Executive Office for Immigration Review Office of the General Counsel

(b)(7)(A), (b)(7)(D), and (b)(7)(E)		

Resources:

Federal Trade Commission:

https://www.consumer.ftc.gov/features/feature-0012-scams-against-immigrants



USCIS Avoid Scams:

https://www.uscis.gov/avoid-scams



- Questions for you:
 - What types of fraud are you seeing in your jurisdiction?
 - What resources would you like to see from the Fraud Program?
 - What other training would be helpful?



QUESTIONS?

Brea Burgie

Fraud and Abuse Prevention Counsel



PURPraid!Program@tstof.gov