

Thank you for joining today's webinar, **Temporary Protected Status (TPS) for Haiti.** The webinar will begin shortly.

All lines are muted.



Temporary Protected Status (TPS) for Haiti

U.S. Department of Homeland Security Office for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties (CRCL) Resources and Contact Information



Phone: 202-401-1474 | 1-866-644-8360 (toll free) TTY: 202-401-0470 | 1-866-644-8361 (toll free) Fax: 202-401-4708 E-mail: crcl@dhs.gov



Homeland

CLAILA Doc. No. 21081032. (Posted 8/25/21)

August 20, 2021

U.S. Citizenship

Services

and Immigration

The Work of CRCL Finding Our Fact Sheets www.dhs.gov/publication/about-office-civil-rights-and-civil-liberties



U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services

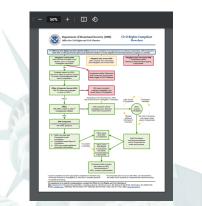
Filing a Complaint

about civil rights or civil liberties concerns with DHS policies and activities

www.dhs.gov/file-civil-rightscomplaint



Homeland Contact CRCL AILA Doc. No. 21081032. (Posted 8/25/21)



E-mail: CRCLCompliance@hg.dhs.gov (the fastest method)

Fax: 202-401-4708

Package/Overnight Delivery: **Contact CRCL for information**

TEMPORARY PROTECTED STATUS



The Secretary of Homeland Security may designate a foreign country for Temporary Protected Status (TPS) due to conditions in the country that temporarily prevent the country's nationals from returning safely. In certain circumstances, there must also be a request from the country for TPS and determination that the country is unable to handle the return of its nationals adequately. Other statutory conditions may also apply.

BACKGROUND



- TPS was created by the Immigration Act of 1990 (IMMACT 90), Pub. L. 101-649.
- Congress sought to provide protection to people who feared returning to their home countries for reasons other than persecution.
- Find the law and regulations at INA § 244; 8 CFR § 244.1-244.9.

DESIGNATION OF A COUNTRY FOR TPS



- The Secretary of Homeland Security may designate a country for TPS due to the following temporary conditions in the country:
 - Ongoing armed conflict (such as civil war);
 - An environmental disaster (such as an earthquake or hurricane) or an epidemic; or
 - Other extraordinary and temporary conditions.
- An initial or re-designation remains in effect for 6-18 months, depending on secretary's discretionary decision.
- Before the conclusion of a designation period, the secretary determines whether to extend TPS for another period of 6, 12 or 18 months.

TPS BENEFICIARIES



- TPS beneficiaries have the following rights:
 - Are not removable from the United States;
 - Can obtain an Employment Authorization Document (EAD);
 - May be granted travel authorization;
 - Cannot be detained by DHS on the basis of their immigration status in the United States; and
 - May apply for other non immigrant and immigrant status or benefits for which they may be eligible.

COUNTRIES CURRENTLY DESIGNATED



- Burma (Myanmar)
- El Salvador
- Haiti
- Honduras
- Nepal
- Nicaragua
- Somalia

- South Sudan
- Sudan
- Syria
- Venezuela
- Yemen

*as of 08/20/2021





Registration Period: Aug. 3, 2021 - Feb. 3, 2023

TPS Designated Through: Feb. 3, 2023

Must establish:

- Continuous Residence in the United States since July 29, 2021
- Continuous Physical Presence in the United States since Aug. 3, 2021

Haiti- Current Beneficiaries



We encourage beneficiaries whose TPS has been continued by court orders to register under the new Haiti designation to help ensure that they will have TPS, if eligible, should the court injunction end. Registration dates: Aug. 3, 2021 - Feb. 3, 2023

Must establish:

- Continuous Residence in the United States since July 29, 2021
- Continuous Physical Presence in the United States since Aug. 3, 2021

Haiti- Current Beneficiaries



- TPS and TPS-related documents for eligible beneficiaries covered by the *Ramos* and *Saget* preliminary injunctions will continue as long as those injunctions remain in effect.
- Certain EADs have been auto-extended through Oct. 4, 2021. DHS will soon publish another Federal Register Notice to continue its compliance with the court orders to continue TPS and TPS-related documents for affected beneficiaries.

ELIGIBILITY



- Be a national of a country designated for TPS, or a person without nationality who last habitually resided in the designated country;
- File during the open initial registration, or meet the requirements for late initial filing during any extension of your country's TPS designation;
- Have been continuously physically present in the United States since the effective date of the most recent designation date of your country; and
- Have been continuously residing in the United States since the date specified for your country.

INELIGIBILITY



- Have been convicted of any felony or two or more misdemeanors in the United States;
- Are found inadmissible as an immigrant under applicable grounds in INA section 212(a), including non-waivable criminal and security-related grounds;
 - Certain inadmissibility grounds may be waived for humanitarian reasons, to assure family unity or if the waiver is in the public interest. 8 CFR 244.3(b).
- Are subject to any of the mandatory bars to asylum in INA, section 208(b)(2)(A);

INELIGIBILITY



- Fail to meet the continuous physical presence or continuous residence in the United States requirements;
- Fail to meet initial or late initial TPS registration requirements; or
- If granted TPS, fail to re-register for TPS, as required, without good cause;
- Found by EOIR to have knowingly filed a frivolous asylum application; and
- Have had a prior order of removal reinstated.

FIRM RESETTLEMENT – MANDATORY BAR



The firm resettlement asylum bar also applies to TPS applicants.

- TPS applicants are considered to be firmly resettled if, prior to arrival in the United States and subsequent to the events giving rise to the TPS designation, they entered into another country with, or while in that country received, an offer of permanent residence status, citizenship, or some other type of permanent resettlement, unless they establish:
 - That their entry into that country was a necessary consequence of their flight from persecution, that they remained in that country only as long as was necessary to arrange onward travel, and that they did not establish significant ties in that country, OR
 - That the conditions of their residence in that country were so substantially and consciously restricted by the authority in the country that they were not in fact resettled.

HOW TO APPLY

FORMS

 Form I-821, Application for Temporary Protected Status

EVIDENCE

- Identity and nationality;
- Date of entry; and
- Continuous residence.

FEE

- Fees are posted at www.uscis.gov/i-821
- Form I-912, Application for Fee Waiver



FORM I-821

Depart	or Temporary Protected Status Form I-821 OMIN No. 1615-004 Dependence of the second
	For USCIS Use Only
Receipt	Action Black Case ID: A-Number: Returned: Resolutited:
Remarks	Relocated: Received: Seat:
To be completed by an Attorney or Acceredited Representative (if any).	Attorney State Bar Number ((if applicable) USCIS Online Account Number (if any)
NDTE: Select the box for Hum Number La, L. La, and applicable, select the box for Hum Number J. as et al. Box number J. as et al. Hum Number J. Hum Num Num Num Num Num Number J. Hum Num Num Number J. Hum	b. For Document (FAD), and I am (filing Ferm 1-765, Southery, Application for Employment Authorization, together with my Form 1-821. currently Ab. □ No, 1 am not currently requesting an EAD. A. Name of designated TPS country ander which you are applying. Mare a Bartis and Abartis Aba
have TFS, select Hum Number La. an de ca- each time that you previsuely applicid, incluit receipt number (if a valible) and the extense of each application. If you carrently have a TFS application, relyou explicition relyou entrolly the real of the application receipt number (if avait Part 11. Additional Information. If you do recall or have incomplete information on you TFS applications, please provide the informa ca, even if incomplete.	constant and a second and a second
If you selected Item Number 1.b., please indicat granted you TPS. USCIS Immigration Judge/Beard of Immigration Ag	



- Download the most recent version from uscis.gov.
- Read the accompanying instructions.
- File with required documentation.

ACCOMPANYING FORMS



- I-765, Application for Employment Authorization
- I-131, Application for Travel Document
- I-601, Application for Waiver of Grounds of Inadmissibility

- I-765 and I-131 are optional.
- I-601 is only required in certain situations.
- Check uscis.gov for associated filing fees.

IDENTITY/NATIONALITY EVIDENCE



The following documents may establish nationality/identity:

- Passport;
- Certificate of Naturalization/Citizenship;
- Birth certificate accompanied by photo identification; or
- National identity document from country of origin with photograph or fingerprint.
- If these primary documents are not available, the regulations at 8 CFR 244.9 provide that the applicant may provide an affidavit describing why the documents are unavailable and also submit secondary evidence. Please also see the Form I-821 Instructions.

DATE OF ENTRY EVIDENCE



The following documents may establish date of entry evidence:

- Passport/passport entries;
- Form I-94, Arrival-Departure Record; or
- Documents used to establish continuous residence.

CONTINUOUS RESIDENCE EVIDENCE



Examples of documents that establish presence/continuous residence:

- Passport/Passport entries;
- Form I-94, Arrival-Departure Record;
- Employment records;
- Rent receipts, utility bills (gas, electric, telephone, etc.), receipts, or letters from companies showing dates when you received service;
- Money order receipts for money sent in or out of the United States;
- Birth certificates of children born in the United States;

AILA Doc. No. 21081032. (Posted 8/25/21) (continues on next slide)

CONTINUOUS RESIDENCE EVIDENCE



Examples of documents that establish presence/continuous residence (continued from previous slide):

- Correspondence between you and others;
- Social Security card;
- Bank books with dated transactions;
- Selective Service card;
- Attestations of your residence by churches, unions, or other organizations; and/or
- Affidavits.

FILING FEE



- There is a \$50 filing fee for Form I-821 if registering under a new designation for a country.
- There is an \$85 biometrics fee for applicants 14 and older.
- There are also fees to file for an Employment Authorization Document (EAD), a travel document, or a request for a waiver of a ground(s) of inadmissibility.
- Fees are posted on uscis.gov.
- If you cannot afford the fees, you may file a Form I-912, Request for Fee Waiver.
- *All TPS for Haiti applicants are required to pay the \$50 filing fee because this is a new designation of Haiti, not an extension of a previous designation.

MAINTAINING TPS



- If the secretary extends a country's TPS, then TPS beneficiaries must re-register during each re-registration period.
 - Failure to re-register without good cause is a ground for mandatory TPS withdrawal.
- Check uscis.gov/tps to learn if EADs will be automatically extended, or if it is necessary to file a new Form I-765, Application for Employment Authorization Document.

LATE FILING



- During an extension period of a country's TPS, a late reregistration application will be accepted if good cause is established. You should submit a letter with Form I-821 explaining your reasons for being late.
- USCIS will consider late initial applications if you meet specific conditions outlined in 8 CFR 244.2(f) and (g), and also described on uscis.gov/tps.

TRAVEL



- TPS beneficiaries do not have travel authorization automatically.
- TPS beneficiaries who wish to travel outside of the United States should request advance parole using Form I-131, Application for Travel Document.
- Advance parole may be granted as a matter of discretion.

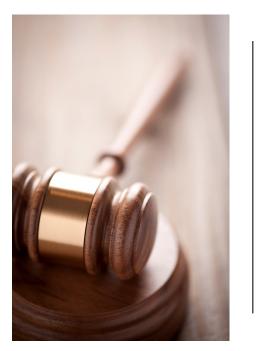
CONCURRENT JURISDICTION



- While USCIS adjudicates the majority of TPS applications, an immigration judge or the Board of Immigration Appeals may also approve a Form I-821 when you are in proceedings before them.
- Only USCIS may approve the Form I-765 and issue an EAD or Form I-131 for a travel document.

APPEALING A DENIAL





- If USCIS denies a Form I-821, you may appeal to the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO), in certain situations.
- If you are placed in removal proceedings, you may request that an immigration judge review the Form I-821 *de novo*.

FAMILY MEMBERS



- Each person seeking TPS must apply individually on a separate Form I-821.
- There is no derivative TPS status, meaning your spouse, children or parents cannot obtain TPS as a result of your approved TPS.

FILE ONLINE OR WITH PAPER



- Online form is the same as paper version;
- Online filing is only available for applicants filing as an initial applicant under a new designation;
- Form I-765 can be filed online if Form I-821 was filed online;
- Form I-912 cannot be filed online; a fee waiver request must be a paper request;
- Work at your own pace, we automatically save your answers if filing online;
- Draft forms are saved for 30 days from the last time you worked on your form.

ONLINE FILING - CREATE AN ACCOUNT OR SIGN IN



MyUSCIS makes immigration simpler

myUSCIS provides a personalized account to help you navigate the immigration process. On myUSCIS, you will find:

- Up-to-date information about the application process for immigration benefits;
- Tools to help you prepare for filing and help finding citizenship preparation classes; and
- Information to help explore your immigration options.



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You can use myUSCIS anytime and on

Get started at:

- <u>www.uscis.gov</u>
- <u>my.uscis.gov</u>
- <u>myaccount.uscis.gov</u>
- AILA Doc. No. 21081032. (Posted 8/25/21)



Become a U.S. Citizen

Learn More

access other USCIS services.

The first step is to create an ac

File Online

Thinking about naturalization? We have resources to help you.

Visit our Citizenship Resource Center to learn about the process of becoming a U.S. citizen, how you may qualify and the study tools to help you.

Filing a form online is easier and faster than paper filing. It gives you a

simple and personalized way to track your case online you can also



Manage Your Case



Use our online tools and resources to manage your case:

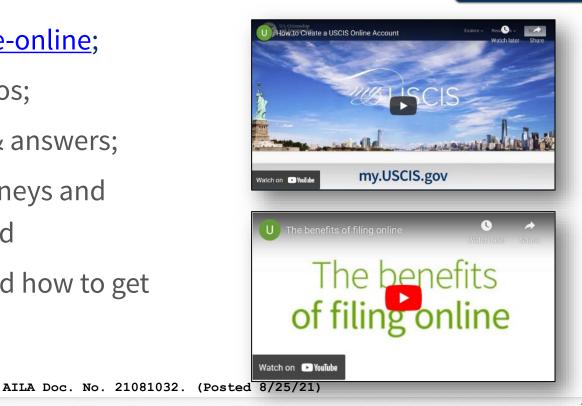
- <u>Check your case status</u>
 <u>Check processing times</u>
- Change your address online

U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services

YOUR USCIS ONLINE ACCOUNT



- www.uscis.gov/file-online;
- Filing tips and videos;
- Helpful questions & answers;
- Resources for attorneys and representatives; and
- Password resets and how to get technical support.



PAY FOR YOUR FORMS

USCIS I-821



Payment Information

Payment Amount \$545.00

I want to pay with my

Bank account (ACH)



Continue <u>Cancel</u>

You have successfully submitted both your Application for Temporary Protected Status (I-821) and Application for Employment Authorization (I-765)

We will contact you if we have any questions or need additional information. You can track the status of your application through your USCIS online account.

Go to my cases



UPLOADING EVIDENCE – SOLICITED AND UNSOLICITED



I-765 Application for Employn Submitted on June 29, 2021 Receipt # IOE92 View PDF ▼ Case status Case history Docu		Ν
USCIS Notices		
File	Date Sent	Action
	u believe may assist USCIS in adjudicating your a s and relevance of unrequested evidence when r Document	application, even if the evidence was not specifically making a decision about your case. Date added
	nation or evidence that we did not request from and relevance of this information when making	you. If you upload evidence that we did not request a decision about your case.
Upload evidence		

TRACKING YOUR CASE

All notices are posted to your account:

- Receipt notice;
- Biometrics appointment notice;
- Request for Evidence (RFE);
- PDF of your completed form; and
- Decision letter.

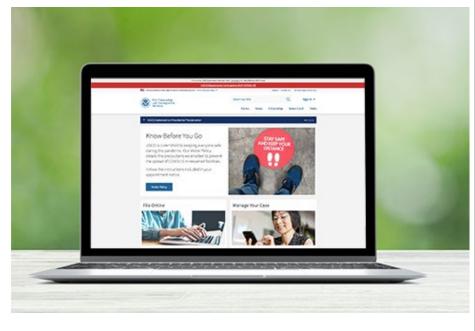
* Notices are also mailed to the address on file.



Submitted on April 13, 2021 Receiption Receiption Receiption PDF 🔻	nployment Authorization pt # 10E9893889931	
Case status Case history	Documents	
USCIS Notices		
File	Date Sent	Action
Receipt Notice.pdf	April 13, 2021	N/A
Your uploads		
	ce that you believe may assist USCIS in adjudicating your appli timeliness and relevance of unrequested evidence when maki	
File	Document	Date added
riic		

SELF-HELP TOOLS AND RESOURCES





The <u>USCIS website</u> offers the following free services:

- ✓ Check your <u>case status</u>
- ✓ <u>Change your address</u>
- ✓ Check <u>processing times</u>
- ✓ <u>TPS</u> webpage and a page for each

Visit the <u>USCIS Avoid Scams</u> webpage to learn more about:

- Form filing tips;
- Common immigration scams;
- How to <u>report immigration scams</u>; and
- How to find <u>legal services and help</u>.









Questions?

Thank you!







UPCOMING ENGAGEMENTS



- Wednesday, August 25, 2021, at 2pm Eastern-Temporary Protected Status
- https://www.uscis.gov/outreach/upcomingnational-engagements

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