December 4, 2014

The Honorable Barbara Mikulski Chair U.S. Senate Committee on Appropriations Room S128, the Capitol Washington, D.C. 20510 The Honorable Richard Shelby Ranking Member U.S. Senate Committee on Appropriations Room S128, the Capitol Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Senators:

On behalf of the undersigned immigration, civil rights, faith, human rights, and legal organizations, we write to express our support for increased funding for the immigration court system, legal counsel for vulnerable immigrant populations, and legal orientation programs (LOP) in the Commerce, Justice and Science appropriations bill or omnibus for the remainder of fiscal year 2015. The immigration court system has been overburdened for much of the past decade, the backlog of cases in the system has dramatically increased, border and interior enforcement has surged, and costs to taxpayers have skyrocketed yet funding for the immigration courts and counsel has not seen commensurate increases. This results in a situation where cases languish for years and the nation's immigration court system and enforcement mechanisms do not operate as efficiently as they could.

Our immigration courts have long suffered from a lack of funding. In 2006, then-Attorney General Alberto Gonzales recognized that the immigration courts were woefully understaffed to process a backlog of cases that back then stood at 169,000 and called for more funding to increase resources for the courts. Fast forward to today and the backlog of cases now stands at approximately 400,000 yet the number of immigration judges has not substantially increased. Today, there are approximately 243 judges which is 21 fewer than at the end of 2012 and just 13 more than in 2006 despite the fact that the backlog has increased by nearly 120 percent. Increased border enforcement has meant that the deportation caseloads were growing even faster than the number of judges who could handle the cases. Last year, \$18 billion was spent on immigration law enforcement, while only \$312 million was appropriated for the courts.

Immigration judges handle more than three times the number of cases handled by Article I federal district judges and they do so with less staff. Too few judges and staff mean that people with strong cases languish for years waiting in the system while people without viable claims for relief from removal also remain in the U.S. This challenge has been compounded by the Obama Administration's recent interest in processing the cases of unaccompanied minors and recent arrivals of parents with children at an expedited rate. This rocket docket for specific populations means that other long-term residents, families, asylum seekers and workers may have their cases delayed for years. The average time that a case is pending is now up to 587 days and immigrants who arrived before May 1, 2014 are waiting an average of 14 months before their first hearing. These delays increase the cost to the U.S. taxpayer by increasing detention costs and reconsideration of cases that have languished in the courts.

We also write in support of efforts to provide pro bono and direct legal representation to

vulnerable populations including unaccompanied minors. EOIR needs at least \$50,000,000 to promote innovations, including leveraging federal funds to bolster pro bono efforts and augment the "justice AmeriCorps" program, to improve the level and quality of legal representation for vulnerable populations, including unaccompanied children, and protecting children from mistreatment, exploitation, and trafficking. This funding request is extremely modest given that legal representation for unaccompanied children alone is estimated to cost between \$150 and \$200 million based on fiscal year 2014 arrival numbers. This funding request is extremely modest given that legal representation for unaccompanied children is estimated to cost between \$150 and \$200 million based on fiscal year 2014 arrival numbers. Without representation, it is nearly impossible for unaccompanied children – who range in age from toddlers to teenagers – to navigate our complex immigration laws and system. Immigration proceedings are adversarial and children are required to meet the same procedural, evidentiary, and legal rules as adults. Children who have representation are also more likely to appear for their court dates. We are concerned that the majority of the unaccompanied children do not have representation in their immigration proceedings, which in addition to being a grave violation of due process, leads to inefficiencies and a waste of resources in our immigration courts. Recent studies by the National Economic Research Associations and the Transactional Records Access Clearinghouse at Syracuse University have confirmed that representation facilitates appearance at hearings, and actually saves the government money. We recommend that EOIR use this funding to explore ways to better serve vulnerable populations such as children and improve court efficiency through pilot efforts aimed at increasing both pro bono and direct representation for children and other vulnerable populations. We also encourage EOIR and Health and Human Services (HHS) to continue to support and increase funding for pro bono initiatives that will enable federal dollars to go much further in securing representation for children.

Finally, we request \$25 million to expand LOP and legal orientation programs for custodians of unaccompanied children (LOPC) nationwide. These programs provide critical, comprehensive information about the immigration court process, promoting efficiency for the courts and fostering due process for noncitizens in removal proceedings, particularly those who do not have legal counsel. Studies have demonstrated the time and cost savings of LOP, as noncitizens require fewer days in court and spend less time in immigration detention. LOP and LOPC also foster compliance with the immigration court process, as individuals better understand their obligations to appear. This funding request is consistent with Chairwoman Mikulski's supplemental appropriations bill from July 2014.

We look forward to working with you to increase funding for our immigration court system and legal counsel programs to ensure that American values of fairness and justice are respected in the immigration system.

Signed:

International Organizations American Jewish Committee Center for Victims of Torture HIAS Physicians for Human Rights Sisters of Mercy of the Americas

National Organizations

American Civil Liberties Union American Immigration Lawyers Association Americans for Immigrant Justice Asian Americans Advancing Justice-AAJC **ASISTA** Immigration Assistance Center for Community Change Center for Gender & Refugee Studies Council on American-Islamic Relations Detention Watch Network Franciscan Action Network **Futures Without Violence Hispanic Federation** Human Rights First **Immigration Equality Action Fund** Jesuit Conference of the United States Leadership Conference of Women Religious League of United Latin American Citizens Lutheran Immigration and Refugee Service National Alliance to End Sexual Violence National Alliance to End Sexual Violence National Asian American Pacific Islander Mental Health National Asian Pacific American Bar Association (NAPABA) National Council of Jewish Women National Council of La Raza (NCLR) National Employment Law Project National Immigrant Justice Center National Immigration Forum National Immigration Law Center National Korean American Service and Education Consortium National Queer Asian Pacific Islander Alliance NETWORK, A National Catholic Social Justice Lobby South Asian Americans Leading Together (SAALT) Southeast Asia Resource Action Center (SEARAC) The Advocates for Human Rights U.S. Committee for Refugees and Immigrants (USCRI) Women's Refugee Commission YWCA USA

Regional Organizations

Advocates for Survivors of Torture and Trauma Center for Survivors of Torture

State Organizations

Coalition for Humane Immigrant Rights of Los Angeles (CHIRLA) Conversations With Friends - Ending Isolation by visiting and supporting detained immigrants (MN) Florence Immigrant & Refugee Rights Project (AZ) Florida Institutional Legal Services, Project of Florida Legal Services Illinois Coalition for Immigrant and Refugee Rights Immigrant Law Center of Minnesota Immigrant Legal Advocacy Project (ME) Immigration Center for Women and Children (CA) Massachusetts Immigrant and Refugee Advocacy Coalition (MIRA) OneAmerica (WA) Political Asylum Immigration Representation Project (MA) Program for Torture Victims (CA) Washington State Coalition Against Domestic Violence Workers Defense Project (TX)

Local Organizations

Catholic Charities of Minneapolis and St. Paul Gulf Coast Jewish Family & Community Services' Florida Center for Survivors of Torture Human Rights Initiative of North Texas Interfaith Coalition on Immigration (Minneapolis, MN) Jewish Community Action (St. Paul, MN) New Sanctuary Coalition (New York, NY) Palabra (Santa Barbara, CA) Reformed Church of Highland Park, NJ Survivors of Torture, International (San Diego, CA) Wilco Justice Alliance (Williamson County, TX)